R07

SET-1

IV B.TECH – I SEM EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER - 2010 NETWORK PROGRAMMING (COMMON TO CSE, IT)

Time: 3hours Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- - -

- 1. a) With the help of a neat sketch explain the steps and buffers involved when an application writes to a TCP socket.
 - b) Summarize the protocol usage of any 4 common Internet applications. [8+8]
- 2. a) What is the purpose of fork function? Give the syntax and explain with a program.
 - b) Make a comparison between the iterative server and concurrent server. [8+8]
- 3. a) What is a signal? What are the three choices for signal disposition? Explain each one in detail.
 - b) Explain the normal start up of TCP client and server. [8+8]
- 4. a) What are the four different purposes served by SO_REUSEADDR option?
 - b) Enumerate on POSIX signal Handling. [8+8]
- 5. Explain the UDP client-server application for echoing the text given by the user.

[16]

- 6. Explain the following functions:
 - a) gethostbyname b) uname.

[8+8]

- 7. a) Draw the message queue structure in kernel and explain.
 - b) What is a semaphore? Explain how locking can be achieved with semaphores.

[8+8]

- 8. a) With a neat diagram explain the RPC execution.
 - b) Describe the numerous versions of line discipline modules.

[8+8]

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SET-2

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Time: 3hours Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- - -

- 1. a) Compare UDP with TCP protocols.
 - b) What are the limitations on the size of the IP datagram? Also explain how they affect the data transmitted by an application. [8+8]
- 2. a) Give the IPv4 socket address structure and explain the significance of each field.
 - b) Explain how multiple clients are handled by a concurrent server. [8+8]
- 3. a) Briefly describe Posix Signal Semantics.
 - b) Explain what happens when the server host crashes?

[8+8]

- 4. a) Explain the purpose and syntax of *select* system call. What conditions cause *select* to return "ready" for sockets?
 - b) Explain the following Generic Socket Options:
 - i) SO DONTROUTE
- ii) SO ERROR.

[8+8]

- 5. a) Write the function to echo lines on a datagram socket and explain.
 - b) Discuss the effect of UDP not having any flow control.

[8+8]

- 6. a) What are the four types of network-related information that an application might want to look up? Also mention the keyed lookup functions provided by them.
 - b) Explain the role of a resolver with a neat diagram that depicts the typical arrangement of applications, resolvers and name servers. [8+8]
- 7. a) What is a pipe? Explain with an example how IPC is done using pipes.
 - b) How are FIFOs different from Pipes?

[8+8]

- 8. a) Show a picture of all the processes involved in the 4.3BSD remote login client and server side and explain.
 - b) "4.3BSD considers a terminal device in one of three modes." Explain them.

[8+8]

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SET-3

IV B.TECH – I SEM EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER - 2010 NETWORK PROGRAMMING (COMMON TO CSE, IT)

Time: 3hours Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- - -

- 1. a) With the help of a state transition diagram explain the operation of TCP with regard to connection establishment and connection termination.
 - b) Give a note on UNIX POSIX standards.

[10+6]

- 2. a) Give the IPv4 socket address structure and explain the significance of each field.
 - b) Explain how multiple clients are handled by a concurrent server.

[8+8]

- 3. Write the programs for TCP echo server and TCP echo client and explain. [16]
- 4. a) Make a comparison of the five different I/O models in UNIX.
 - b) What socket options are processed by IPv6 with a level of IPPROTO_IPv6? Explain. [8+8]
- 5. Write the programs for UDP echo server and UDP echo client and explain.[16]
- 6. a) Explain the types of Resource Records.
 - b) With an example explain the use of uname function.

[8+8]

- 7. a) What are the rules a FIFO should follow for reading and writing?
 - b) Explain how semaphores are used to synchronize the access to the shared memory segments. [4+12]
- 8. Discuss in detail the issues to be considered to make the use of RPC transparent to the applications. [16]

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SET-4

IV B.TECH – I SEM EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER - 2010 NETWORK PROGRAMMING (COMMON TO CSE, IT)

Time: 3hours Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- - -

- 1. a) Draw the OSI seven layered model along with the approximate mapping to the Internet protocol suite. Also explain the functions offered by each layer.
 - b) Explain how TCP connection is established using Three-way handshake protocol.

[8+8]

- 2. Write the syntax and explain each of the following socket functions:
 - a) connect
- b) listen
- c) accept
- d) bind.

[4+4+4+4]

- 3. a) Write the client processing loop that read a line of text from standard input, write it to the server, read back the server's echo of the line, and output the echoed line to standard output.
 - b) Explain the steps involved in normal termination of TCP client and server. [8+8]
- 4. a) Make a comparison of the five different I/O models in UNIX.
 - b) What socket options are processed by IPv6 with a level of IPPROTO_IPv6? Explain. [8+8]
- 5. a) Give the IPv4 socket address structure and explain the significance of each field.
 - b) Explain how multiple clients are handled by a concurrent server. [8+8]
- 6. a) Explain the purpose of RES_USE_INET6 Resolver option.
 - b) Discuss the use of gethostbyname function with an example. [8+8]
- 7. Discuss at length System V IPC.

[16]

- 8. a) What are the functions done by a terminal line discipline module?
 - b) Give a note on Pseudo-Terminals.

[8+8]